

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS ID: RLH-US-SDS

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#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : RAPTOR HARDENER

Product code : UP0826 UP Number : UP0826

Other means of identification : Component of: UP0820

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Recommended use : Hardener

Restrictions on use : Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)

#### 1.3. Supplier

U-POL US Inc Inc.

50 Applied Bank Blvd., Suite 300 Glen Mills

Pennsylvania, PA 19342

United States T (610) 746 7081

technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

### **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids Category 3

Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

Skin sensitization, Category 1

Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Flammable liquid and vapor

Harmful if inhaled

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction Suspected of causing cancer

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through

prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation) May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)







Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Flammable liquid and vapor

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

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Causes skin irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye irritation

Harmful if inhaled

May cause respiratory irritation Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

(Inhalation)

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe fume, spray, vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use foam, extinguishing powder, dry sand to extinguish.

in case of fire. Ose foam, extinguishing powder, dry sand to ex

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

## 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

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#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	43 – 63	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers	CAS-No.: 28182-81-2	23-43	Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
ethylbenzene	CAS-No.: 100-41-4	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
n-butyl acetate	CAS-No.: 123-86-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison

center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Risk of lung edema.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

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#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Gloves.

Emergency procedures Ventilate spillage area. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe spray,

vapors, fume. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer

to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public

waters.

Other information Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

> Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment. Obtain special

> instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed

out of the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands

after handling the product.

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#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Storage temperature : < 25 °C

Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place. Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

			NFR

No additional information available

## n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

#### **USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits**

Local name	n-Butyl acetate
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021

#### **USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits**

Local name	n-Butyl-acetate
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	710 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	150 ppm
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

#### solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)

No additional information available

### hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28182-81-2)

No additional information available

#### Xylene (1330-20-7)

Regulatory reference

#### **USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits**

Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices	
Local name	XYLENES (Technical or commercial grade)
BEI (BLV)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift

**ACGIH 2021** 

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Xylene (1330-20-7)		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethylbenzene	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	ETHYLBENZENE	
BEI (BLV)	0.15 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (with hydrolysis) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethyl benzene	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	

## 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

## 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Gas mask. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses.

Materials for protective clothing:
Impermeable clothing
Hand protection:
Protective gloves
Eye protection:
Safety glasses
Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

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#### Respiratory protection:

Air-fed respiratory protective equipment should be worn when this product is sprayed. Wear respiratory protection.

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):









## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Liquid. Appearance Color Colorless Odor aromatic

Odor threshold No data available рΗ No data available Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available

Flash point 27 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) No data available Flammability Not applicable. Vapor pressure No data available Relative vapor density at 20°C No data available Relative density No data available Density 0.97 (0.96 - 0.98) g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility insoluble in water. soluble in most organic solvents.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) No data available Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic 20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s Viscosity, dynamic No data available **Explosion limits** No data available Explosive properties No data available Oxidizing properties No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

VOC content : 603 g/l

603 g/l (5.03 lb/gal) As Packaged Regulatory VOC As Packaged Actual VOC 603 g/l (5.03 lb/gal)

Percent Solids 37.35 wt% Volatiles 62.6 wt% Water Content 0 wt% Water Content 0 vol % Exempt Compounds by weight 0 wt% Exempt Compounds by volume 0 vol % % EPA HAPS 58.56 wt%

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#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity (innalation)	: Harmiui ii innaled.	
RAPTOR HARDENER		
ATE US (vapors)	12.187 mg/l/4h	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	23.4 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Inhalation (mixture of vapour and aerosol), 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	390 ppm/4h	
ATE US (oral)	10760 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	390 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	23.4 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	23.4 mg/l/4h	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)	

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hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28182-81-2)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2500 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 423, rat, female)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402, rat, male/female)	
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.39 mg/l/4h	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat	> 4000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg (Non-GLP, read-across from supporting substance, single dermal dose under occlusion followed by observation for 14 days)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	29.09 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.2, 4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6700 ppm/4h (EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), 4h, rat, male)	
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	6700 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	15433 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))	
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	15433 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	17.8 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Causes skin irritation.	
	Causes serious eye irritation.	
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
3	Not classified	
	Suspected of causing cancer.	
Xylene (1330-20-7) IARC group	3 - Not classifiable	
	O HOLOGORIADIO	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	2P. Possibly carsinggenia to humana	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
,	Not classified  May cause respiratory irritation.	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	way cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
OTOT Single exposure	may dadd diowallicas of dizzilicas.	

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solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
hexamethylene diisocyanate oligome	ers (28182-81-2)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs (hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard Viscosity, kinematic	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.     20.5 mm²/s	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact	<ul><li>: May cause respiratory irritation.</li><li>: Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li><li>: Eye irritation.</li></ul>	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Risk of lung edema.	

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general :	The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	18 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	44 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia sp.
LC50 - Fish [2]	62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)
ErC50 algae	397 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across, GLP)
NOEC (chronic)	23 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	23 mg/l
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
ErC50 algae	4.36 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 73 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

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Xylene (1330-20-7)		
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'	
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	
ThOD	2.21 g O₂/g substance	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)		
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.44 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
ThOD	3.17 g O₂/g substance	

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.1 – 6	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
BCF - Fish [1]	7.2 – 25.9 (56 day(s), Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.2 (Read-across, 20 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
BCF - Fish [1]	1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.6 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)	

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ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
Surface tension	61.3 mN/m (20 °C, 0.1 %, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil. Not toxic to plants.
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Surface tension	28.01 – 29.76 mN/m (25 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.73 (log Koc, Equivalent or similar to OECD 121, Read-across)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Additional information : Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number

DOT NA NO : UN1263 UN-No. (TDG) : UN1263 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1263 UN-No. (IATA) : 1263

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name (TDG)

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

PROPER SHIPPING NAME (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Paint

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## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 Hazard labels (DOT) : 3

TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 3
Hazard labels (TDG) : 3

**IMDG** 

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 3 Hazard labels (IMDG) : 3



IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3
Hazard labels (IATA) : 3



## 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : III
Packing group (TDG) : III
Packing group (IMDG) : III
Packing group (IATA) : III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

- : 367 For the purposes of documentation and package marking: a. The proper shipping name "Paint related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint" and "Paint related material" in the same package; b. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, corrosive, flammable" and "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" in the same package; c. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, flammable, corrosive" and "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" in the same package; and d. The proper shipping name "Printing ink related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Printing ink" and "Printing ink related material" in the same package.
  - B1 If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.
  - B52 Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.
  - B131 When transported by highway, rail, or cargo vessel, waste Paint and Paint related material (UN1263; PG II and PG III), when in plastic or metal inner packagings of not more than 26.5 L (7 gallons), are excepted from the marking requirements in §172.301(a) and (c) and the labeling requirements in §172.400(a), when further packed in the following specification and non-specification bulk outer packagings and under the following conditions:
  - a. Primary receptacles must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter and may not leak. If they do leak, they must be overpacked in packagings conforming to the specification requirements of part 178 of this subchapter or in salvage packagings conforming to the requirements in §173.12 of this subchapter.
  - b. Primary receptacles must be further packed in non-specification bulk outer packagings such as cubic yard boxes, plastic rigid-wall bulk containers, dump trailers, and roll-off containers. Bulk outer packagings must be liquid tight through design or by the use of lining materials.
  - c. Primary receptacles may also be further packed in specification bulk outer packagings. Authorized specification bulk outer packagings are UN11G fiberboard intermediate bulk containers (IBC) and UN13H4 woven plastic, coated and with liner flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) meeting the Packing Group II performance level and lined with a plastic liner of at least 6 mil thickness.
  - d. All inner packagings placed inside bulk outer packagings must be blocked and braced to prevent movement during transportation that could cause the container to open or fall over. Specification IBCs and FIBCs are to be secured to a pallet.
  - IB3 Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).
  - T2 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)
  - TP1 The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP29 A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 60 L

CFR 173.27)

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DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

: 220 L

**TDG** 

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1263

TDG Special Provisions : 59 - Substances that are listed by name in Schedule 1 must not be transported under this

shipping name. Substances transported under this shipping name may contain not more than 20% nitrocellulose if the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass),142

- The following shipping names may be used to meet the requirements of Part 3

(Documentation) and Part 4 (Dangerous Goods Safety Marks) when these dangerous goods are

offered for transport in the same means of containment:

(a) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing both

paint and paint related material;

(b) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, corrosive, flammable, and paint related material, corrosive,

flammable;

(c) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, flammable, corrosive, and paint related material, flammable,

corrosive; and

(d) "PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing

both printing ink and printing ink related material.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 5 L Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 128

**IMDG** 

Special provision (IMDG) : 163, 223, 367, 955

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001, LP01
Packing provisions (IMDG) : PP1
IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03
Tank instructions (IMDG) : T2
Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP29

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER

Stowage category (IMDG) : A

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Miscibility with water depends upon the composition.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y344
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 10L
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 355
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 60L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 366
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 220L

Special provision (IATA) : A3, A72, A192

ERG code (IATA) : 3L

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

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#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Present	Active	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Present	Active	
hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers	28182-81-2	Present	Active	XU
Xylene	1330-20-7	Present	Active	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Present	Active	

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	43 – 63%
ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	5 – 23%

#### n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

#### **Xylene (1330-20-7)**

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 100 lb

## ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 1000 lb

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

## n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### hexamethylene diisocyanate oligomers (28182-81-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Xylene (1330-20-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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#### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

#### **National regulations**

#### n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

## solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (64742-95-6)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

#### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

#### 15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to ethylbenzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
n-butyl acetate(123-86-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

NFPA fire hazard

NFPA reactivity

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Revision date : 08/16/2023

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can

be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become

unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



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